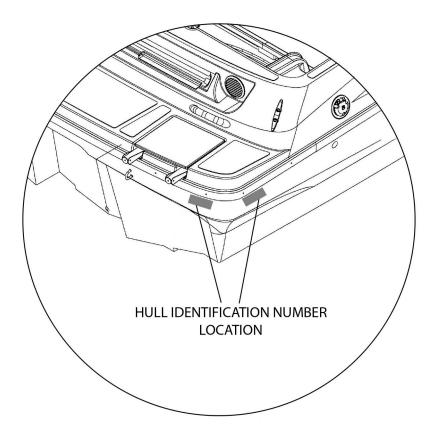
BRULINER® Element and Element XL

Owner's Manual Supplement

Hull Identification Number:_____

Hull Identification Number

The Hull Identification Number (HIN) will be located either on the starboard side of the transom or on the aft, starboard side of the gunwale and is your boat's most important identifying factor. Record the HIN (and the engine serial number) in the space provided above. This number must be included in all correspondence and orders.



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Due to our commitment to product improvement, Bayliner reserves the right to make changes in the product design, specifications, and equipment at any time without notice or obligation. Illustrations and/or photos may show optional equipment.

All Bayliner products meet or exceed USCG (United States Coast Guard) and/or NMMA (National Marine Manufacturers Association) construction standards. Manufactured with 1,1,1 Trichloroethane, a substance which harms public health and environment during the manufacturing process by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

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Manual Part Number: 2114427

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Hazard Boxes and Symbols

The hazard boxes and symbols shown below are used throughout this supplement to call attention to potentially dangerous situations which could lead to either personal injury or product damage. Read all warnings carefully and follow all safety instructions.

DANGER

DANGER - Immediate hazards which WILL result in severe personal injury or death if the warning is ignored.

WARNING

WARNING - Hazards or unsafe practices which MAY result in severe personal injury or death if the warning is ignored.

CAUTION

CAUTION - Hazards or unsafe practices which COULD result in minor injury, product or property damage if the warning is ignored.

NOTICE

Information which is important to proper operation or maintenance, but is not hazard related.

Chapter 1: Welcome Aboard!

This *Owner's Manual Supplement* provides specific information about your boat that is not covered in the *Sport Boat Owner's Manual*.

- The *Sport Boat Owner's Manual* contains general information about safe operating practices, general boating regulations, and general maintenance techniques.
- Before using your boat, study this *Owner's Manual Supplement*, the *Sport Boat Owner's Manual*, and all engine and accessory literature carefully. If similar instructions are found in more than one manual, always refer to the specific manufacturer's manual (such as the engine manual) for the most complete and accurate information.
- Keep this *Owner's Manual Supplement* and the *Sport Boat Owner's Manual* on your boat in a secure, yet readily available place.

Dealer Service

Your dealer is your key to service.

- Ask your dealer to explain all systems before taking delivery of your boat.
- Contact your dealer if you have any problems with your new boat.
- If your dealer cannot help, call our customer service hotline: 865-971-6311.
- Bayliner advises that all rigging, installation and prep work on any Bayliner product be done by an authorized dealer at the authorized dealer's location.
- Buy replacement parts from any authorized Bayliner dealer.
- You can access additional information by logging on to http://www.bayliner.com.

Warranty Information

- Bayliner offers a Limited Warranty on each new Bayliner purchased through an authorized Bayliner dealer.
- A copy of the Limited Warranty was included in your owner's packet.
- If you did not get a copy of the Limited Warranty, please contact your Bayliner dealer or call 865-971-6311 for a copy.

Boating Experience

WARNING

CONTROL HAZARD!

An experienced operator MUST be in control of your boat at ALL times. Do NOT operate your boat while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

If this is your first boat or if you are changing to a type of boat you are not familiar with, for your own comfort and safety, get handling and operating experience before assuming command of your boat. Take one of the boating safety classes offered by the United States Power Squadrons[®] or the United States Coast Guard Auxiliary. For more course information, including dates and locations of upcoming classes, contact the organizations directly:

- U.S. Power Squadrons: 1-888-FOR-USPS (1-888-367-8777) or www.usps.org
- U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary: 1-800-368-5647 or www.cgaux.org
- In Canada, for CPS courses: 1-888-CPS-BOAT

Outside the United States, your selling dealer, national sailing federation, or local boat club can advise you of local sea schools or competent instructors.

Manufacturer's Certification

As a boat manufacturer, Bayliner builds their products to guidelines established under the Federal Boat Safety Act of 1971. The Act is promulgated by the United States Coast Guard who has authority to enforce these laws on boat manufacturers that sell products in the United States. Bayliner ensures that all of its products comply with these laws.

The National Marine Manufacturers Association (NMMA) provides Bayliner with a third party certification. The NMMA is an organization that represents the marine industry and assists manufacturers, boat dealers, marinas, repair yards and component suppliers in areas of legislation, environmental concerns, marine business growth and state and federal government agency interaction. The third party certification that Bayliner participates in, uses the well known Standards and Recommended Practices of the American Boat and Yacht Council (ABYC).

Bayliner Boats participates extensively in the American Boat and Yacht Council which is a nonprofit organization that develops and publishes voluntary standards and recommended practices for boat and equipment design, construction, service and repair. We utilize all applicable ABYC standards in the construction of your Bayliner boat.

Finally, Bayliner sells their products world wide and as such must conform to the various rules and regulations required by other countries. Most notably, are the ISO standards in Europe which require the application of the Common European (CE) mark. This mark, much like the NMMA certification here in the US, gives you the boat owner specific information concerning your craft.

International Requirements

Depending on your boat's original destination, the vessel and its systems may have been constructed in accordance with standards and specifications published by various international authorities such as:

- Construction Standards for Small Vessels Canada
- Recreational Craft Directive and applicable ISO Standards European Union
- AS/NZ 3004 Electrical Installations Australia/New Zealand

Further information concerning these requirements may be obtained from your local dealer.

Engine, Accessory Guidelines and Literature

NOTICE

- Before starting or working on your engine(s), read the engine manual.
- · Before using the accessories on your boat, read the accessory manuals.
- Before storing your boat, refer to your engine and accessory manuals for storage/winterization instructions.

NOTICE

Certain modifications to your boat will result in cancellation of your warranty protection. Always check with your dealer before making any modifications.

- Your boat's engine and accessories were selected to provide optimum performance and service.
- Installing a different engine or adding accessories may affect your boat's running trim.
- If you choose to install a different engine or add accessories that may affect your boat's running trim, have a trained marine technician perform a safety inspection and handling test before using your boat again.
- The engine and accessories on your boat have their own manuals. Read these manuals before using the engines and accessories.

Unless noted otherwise, all engine and accessory literature referred to in this supplement is included in your owner's packet.

While the topics listed below may be included in this supplement and in the Sport Boat Owner's Manual, always refer to the engine manual first for specific information on these important subjects:

- Engine Break-in Procedure
- Engine Starting and Stopping
- · Fuel and Oil Recommendations
- Engine Maintenance

• Gear Shifting

• Engine Storage/Winterization

Propeller

CAUTION Ţ

ENGINE DAMAGE HAZARD!

The factory standard propeller may not be the best for your particular boat and load conditions. Refer to the engine manual RPM ratings. The engine should reach, but not exceed its full rated RPM when full-throttle is applied. Immediately contact your local Bayliner dealer if:

- The engine cannot reach its full rated RPM when full-throttle is applied
- The engine exceeds its full rated RPM when full-throttle is applied
- Keep the propeller in good repair and at the correct pitch for your particular situation.
- A slightly bent or nicked propeller will adversely affect the performance of your boat.

Qualified Maintenance

WARNING

To maintain the safety of your boat, allow ONLY trained personnel to work on, or change, in any way, the following:

- Steering system
- Propulsion system
- Engine control system
- Fuel system

- Environmental control system
- Electrical system
- Navigation system

Failure to maintain your boat's systems (listed in the warning above) as designed could violate the laws in your jurisdiction and could expose yourself and others to the danger of bodily injury or accidental death.

Follow the maintenance instructions in:

- This Owner's Manual Supplement
- The Sport Boat Owner's Manual
- The engine owner's manual
- All accessory literature

Special Care for Moored Boats

NOTICE

- To help seal the hull bottom and reduce the chance of gel coat blistering while your boat is moored, apply an epoxy barrier coating.
- The barrier coating should be covered with several coats of anti-fouling paint.
- Many states regulate the chemical content of bottom paints in order to meet environmental standards. Check with your local dealer about recommended bottom paints, and about the laws in effect in your area.
- Whether moored in saltwater or freshwater, your boat will collect marine growth on its hull bottom.
- This will detract from your boat's beauty, greatly affect its performance, and may damage the gel coat.
- Periodically haul your boat out of the water and scrub the hull bottom with a bristle brush and a solution of soap and water.

Safety Standards

FALLING and ROTATING PROPELLER HAZARD!

- NEVER allow anyone to ride on parts of your boat not designed for such use.
- Sitting on seat-backs, lounging on the forward deck, bow riding, gunwale riding or occupying the transom platform while underway is especially hazardous and WILL cause personal injury or death.

🛕 DANGER

FALLING, ROTATING PROPELLER and CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD!

- NEVER allow anyone to occupy, or hang from, the back deck or transom platform while the engine is running.
- Teak surfing, dragging or water skiing within 20 feet of a moving watercraft can be fatal.

PERSONAL SAFETY HAZARD!

- ALWAYS secure the anchor and other loose objects BEFORE getting underway.
- The anchor and other items that are not properly secured can come loose when your boat is moving and cause personal injury or death.

WARNING

A wide variety of components used on this vessel contain or emit chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects and other reproductive harm. Examples include:

- Engine and generator exhaust
- Engine and generator fuel, and other liquids such as coolants and oil, especially used motor oil
- Cooking fuels
- · Cleaners, paints, and substances used for vessel repair
- · Waste materials that result from wear of vessel components
- Lead from battery terminals and other sources such as ballast or fishing sinkers To Avoid Harm:
- Keep away from engine, generator, and cooking fuel exhaust fumes.
- Wash exposed skin thoroughly with soap and water after handling the substances above.
- Your boat's mechanical and electrical systems were designed to meet safety standards in effect at the time it was built.
- Some of these standards were mandated by law, and all of them were designed to insure your safety and the safety of other people, vessels and property.

Read this supplement, the *Sport Boat Owner's Manual*, the engine owner's manual, and all accessory instructions for important safety standards and hazard information.

Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Carbon monoxide gas (CO) is colorless, odorless, tasteless, and extremely dangerous. ALL engines, generators, and fuel burning appliances produce CO as exhaust. Prolonged exposure to low concentrations or very quick exposure to high concentrations WILL cause BRAIN DAMAGE or DEATH. Teak surfing, dragging, or water skiing within 20 feet of a moving watercraft can be fatal.

CO Facts

- CO poisoning causes a significant number of boating deaths each year.
- Called the "silent killer", CO is an extremely toxic, colorless, odorless and tasteless gas.
- CO can harm or even kill you inside or outside your boat.
- CO can affect you whether you're underway, moored, or anchored.
- CO symptoms are similar to seasickness or alcohol intoxication.
- CO can make you sick in seconds. In high enough concentrations, even a few breaths can be fatal.
- Breathing CO blocks the ability of your blood to carry oxygen.
- The effects are cumulative. Even low levels of exposure can result in injury or death.

Factors that Increase the Effects of CO Poisoning

- Age
- Smokers or people exposed to high concentrations of cigarette smoke
- Consumption of alcohol
- Lung disorders
- Heart problems
- Pregnancy

Where and How CO Can Accumulate

Stationary conditions that increase CO accumulations include:

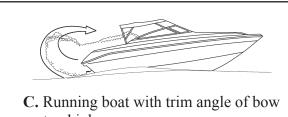


A. Using engine, generator, or other fuel burning device when boat is moored in a confined space.

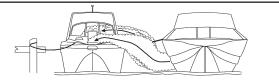
To correct stationary situations A and/or B:

- Close all windows, portlights and hatches.
- If possible, move your boat away from source of CO.

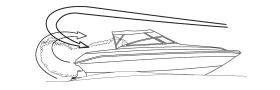
Running conditions that increase CO accumulations include:



too high.



B. Mooring too close to another boat that is using its engine, generator, or other fuel burning device.



D. Running boat without through ventilation (station wagon effect).

To correct running situations C and/or D:

- Trim bow down.
- Open windows and canvas.
- When possible, run boat so that prevailing winds help dissipate exhaust.

How to Protect Yourself and Others From CO

- Know where and how CO may accumulate in and around your boat (see above).
- Always maintain fresh air circulation throughout your boat.
- Know where your engine and generator exhaust outlets are located and keep everyone away from these areas.
- Never sit on, or hang onto, the back deck or transom platform while the engine is running.
- Never enter the areas under transom platforms where exhaust outlets are located.
- Although CO can be present without the smell of exhaust fumes, if exhaust fumes are detected on your boat, take immediate action to dissipate these fumes.
- Treat symptoms of seasickness as possible CO poisoning. Get the person into fresh air immediately. Seek medical attention—unless you're sure it's not CO.
- Follow the checklists provided on the next page.
- Get a Vessel Safety Check.

For information on how to get a free VESSEL SAFETY CHECK, visit www.vesselsafetycheck.org or contact your local U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary or U.S. Power Squadrons:

- U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary: 1-800-368-5647 or www.cgaux.org
- U.S. Power Squadrons: 1-888-FOR-USPS (1-888-367-8777) or www.usps.org

CO Checklists

Trip Checklist

- \Box Make sure you know where the exhaust outlets are located on your boat.
- \square Educate all passengers about the symptoms of CO poisoning and where CO may accumulate.
- \Box When docked, or rafted with another boat, be aware of exhaust emissions from the other boat.
- □ Listen for any change in exhaust sound, which could mean an exhaust component failure.

Monthly Checklist

- □ Make sure all exhaust clamps are in place and secure.
- □ Look for exhaust leaking from exhaust system components. Signs include rust and/or black streaking, water leaks, or corroded or cracked fittings.
- □ Inspect rubber exhaust hoses for burned, cracked, or deteriorated sections. All rubber hoses should be pliable and free of kinks.

Annual Checklist

Have a Trained Marine Technician:

- □ Replace exhaust hoses if cracking, charring, or deterioration is found.
- □ Ensure that your engines and generators are properly tuned, and well maintained.
- □ Inspect each water pump impeller and the water pump housing. Replace if worn. Make sure cooling systems are in working condition.
- □ Inspect all metallic exhaust components for cracking, rusting, leaking, or loosening. Make sure they check the cylinder head gasket, exhaust manifold, water injection elbow, and the threaded adapter nipple between the manifold and the elbow.
- □ Clean, inspect, and confirm proper operation of the generator cooling water anti-siphon valve (if equipped).

More Information

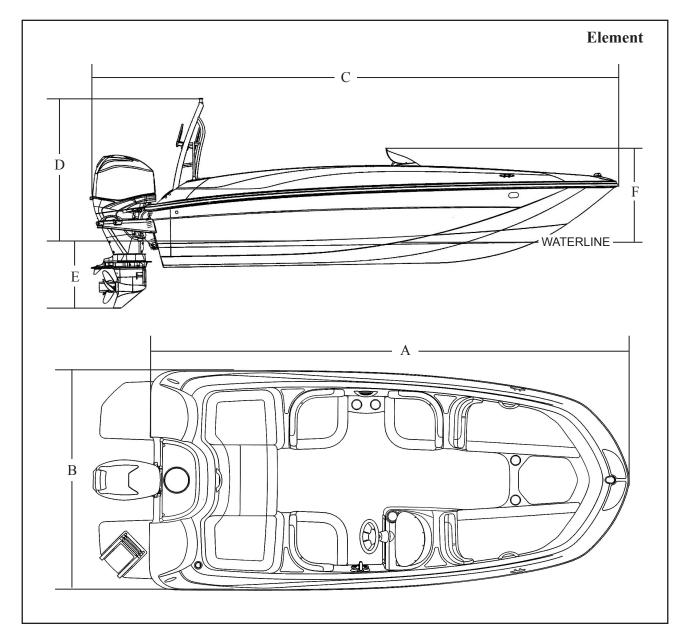
For more information about preventing carbon monoxide poisoning on recreational boats and other boating safety tips, contact:

United States Coast Guard Office of Boating Safety (G-OPB-3) 2100 Second Street SW Washington, DC 20593 www.uscgboating.org 1-800-368-5647 National Marine Manufacturers Association (NMMA) 200 East Randolph Drive Suite 5100 Chicago, IL 60601-9301 www.nmma.org 312-946-6200 American Boat & Yacht Council, Inc. (ABYC) 613 Third Street Suite 10 Annapolis, MD 21403 www.abycinc.org 410-990-4460



Chapter 2: Locations

Dimensions and Specifications

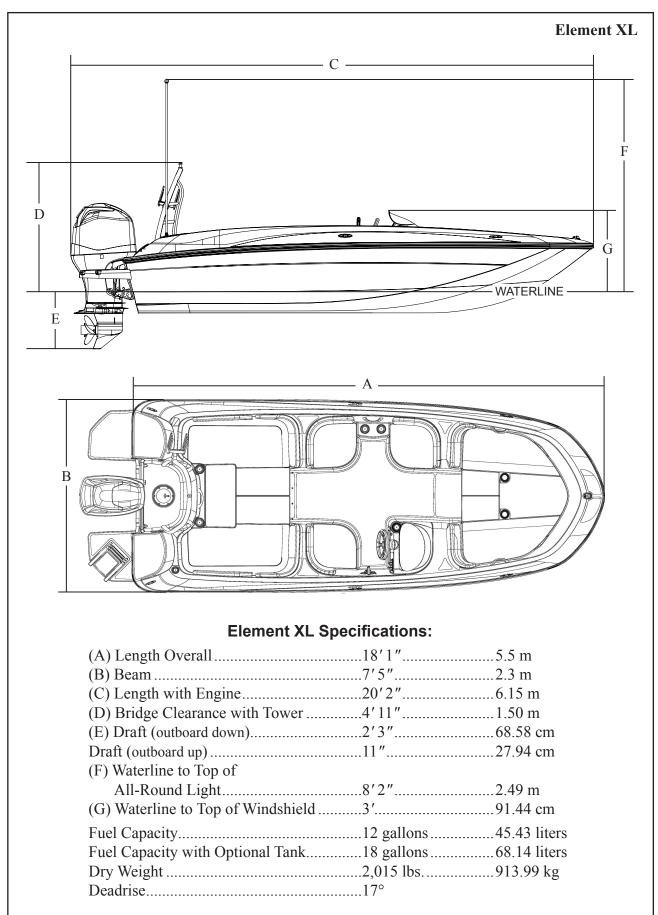


Element Specifications:

(A) Length Overall		4.93 m
(B) Beam	7′5″	2.26 m
(C) Length with Engine	19′	5.79 m
(D) Bridge Clearance with Tower	4′ 10″	1.47 m
(E) Draft (outboard down)	2′3″	0.69 m
Draft (outboard up)	11″	0.28 m
(F) Waterline to Top of Windshield		0.97 m
Fuel Capacity	12 gallons	
Dry Weight	1,651 lbs	748.88 kg
Deadrise	17°	-



Dimensions and Specifications



BAALINES

Stability

WARNING

Wet decks are slippery.

You can be seriously injured if you slip and fall.

Γ

Wear slip resistant footwear secured to your feet and hold on to rails or boat structure.

WARNING

Boat motion can be erratic.

You can fall overboard or be injured by hitting something in or on the boat. All persons must be in cockpit area or cabin and be prepared for sudden boat movement.

Use front or bow deck area only during anchoring, mooring or emergencies.

When persons are on the working deck area, for anchoring, mooring, or in emergencies, they must be holding on and be positioned so as to prevent falling. In bad weather and/or rough water, if it is essential to be on deck, persons should be closely tied to cleats, railing stanchions or other securely fastened boat hardware.

Your boat was manufactured to specific stability and flotation standards for the capacity shown on the certification plate. Any increase from the recommended load capacities will put your boat in jeopardy of capsizing, swamping and/or sinking.

In Addition:

• Stability may be substantially reduced if equipment is added above the deck.

• Stability is substantially reduced by loose fluids or weight within the hull. Keep bilge area as dry as possible, and close all openings, hatches and windows in rough weather.

🚹 DANGER

Rotating propellers can injure or kill you.

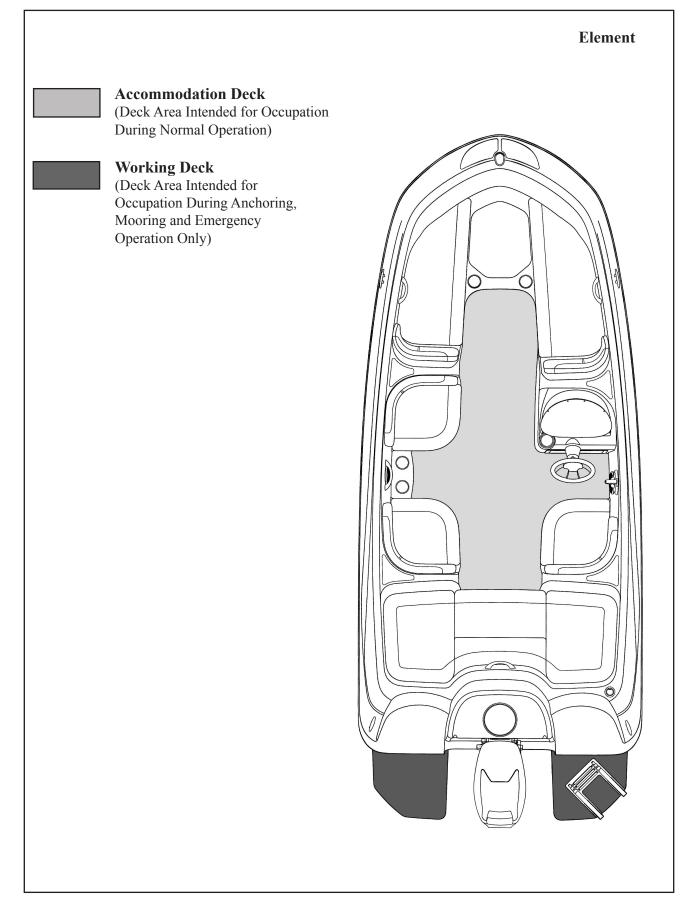
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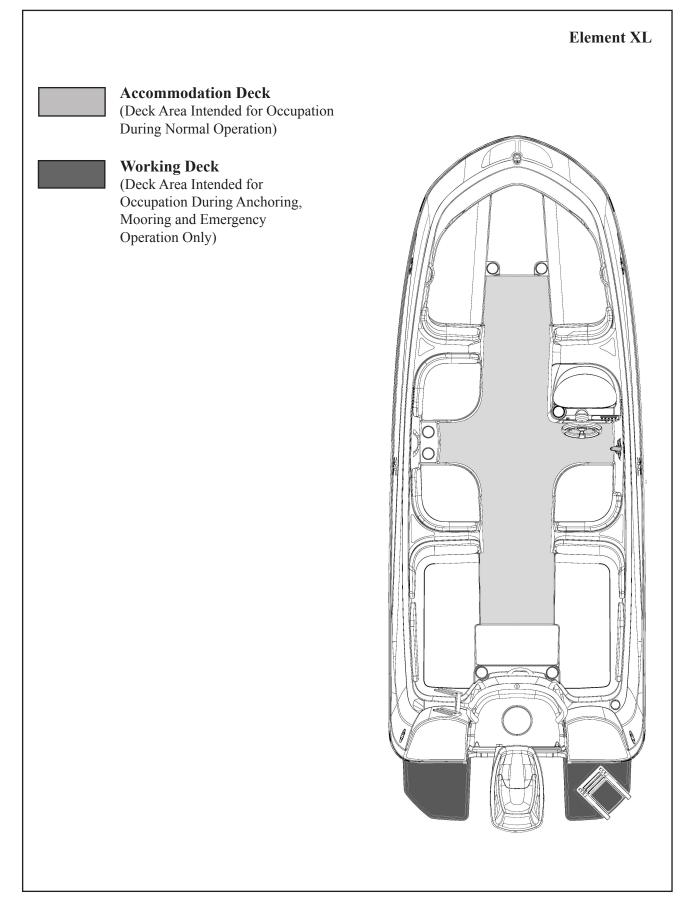
Shut off engine when persons are in water near boat, or on swim platform or ladder.

WARNING

Distribute passengers and gear as uniformly as possible from front to rear and left to right.

The manufacturer's load rating is the maximum allowed under calm conditions. Reduce boat loading if weather, water or other conditions are adverse.





Load Capacity

🚹 DANGER

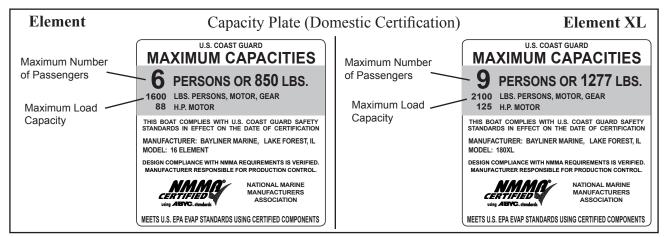
Never carry more weight or passengers than indicated on the certification plate, regardless of weather or water conditions.

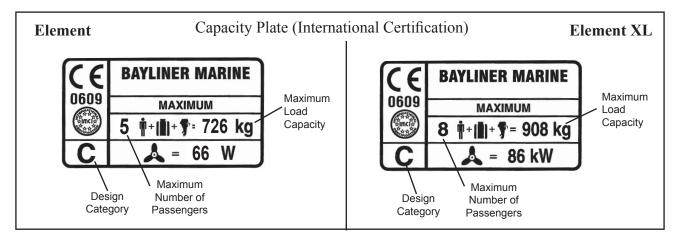
The boat can capsize, swamp or sink.

If present, the capacity information plate (located near the helm) indicates maximum weight and number of persons your boat can handle under calm sea conditions. Do not exceed the load capacities stated. The number of people on board must be reduced if you go out in poor weather and rough water.

The type of capacity plate will vary dependent on the local governing authority.

- United States The United States Coast Guard provides specific numbers for passenger capacity or cargo weight for recreational vessels up to 20 feet (6.1 meters). NMMA provides capacity for boats under 26 feet (7.9 meters).
- Canada Transport Canada provides specific numbers for passenger capacity or cargo weight for recreational vessels up to 6 meters (19.7 feet).
- Australia The Australian Transport Council provides specific numbers for passenger capacity and cargo weight for all recreational vessels.
- European Union CE regulations provide specific information for passenger capacity and cargo weight for all recreational vessels.

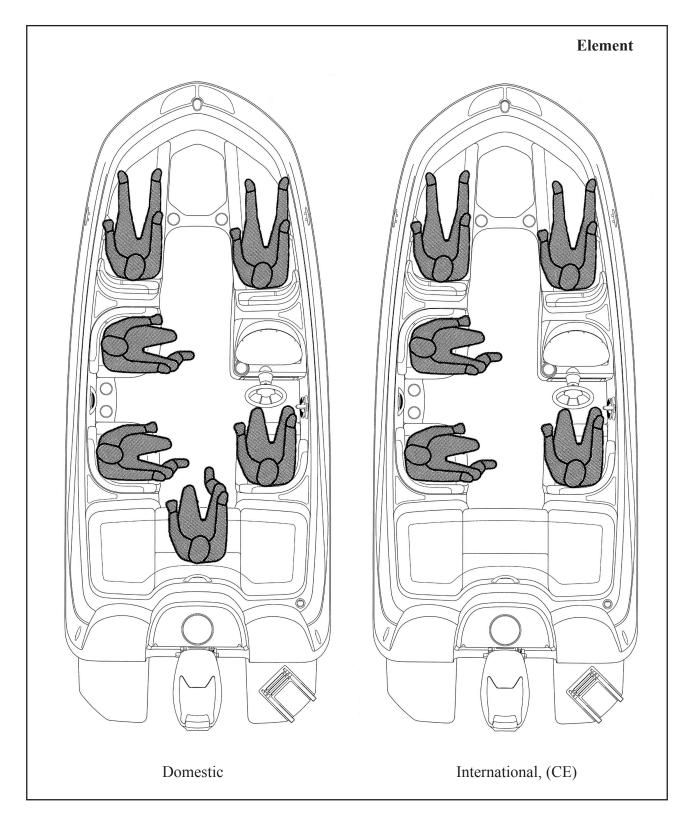


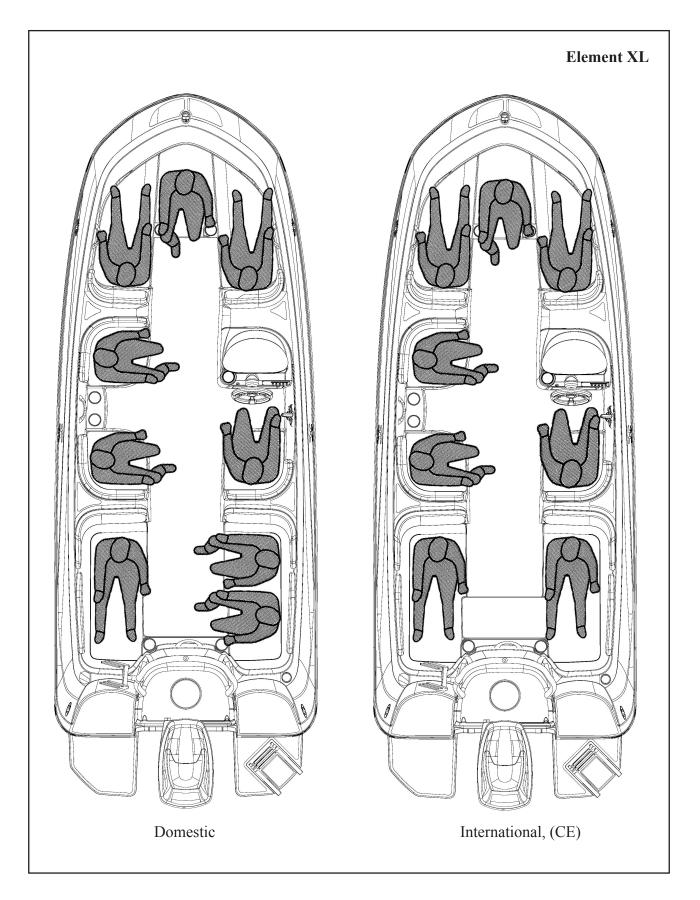


Passenger Locations

NOTICE

The maximum number of persons listed on the capacity plate may be affected by where the vessel is registered. See Load Capacity.





Design Category

There are four design categories of boats based upon their ability to withstand wind and sea or water conditions:

A. Ocean

Wind speed: above 40 knots (46 mph) Wave height: above 4 meters (13 feet) Boat may be used for extended ocean voyages.

B. Offshore

Maximum wind speed: 40 knots (46 mph) Maximum wave height: 4 meters (13 feet) Boat can be used offshore, but not for extended ocean voyages.

C. Inshore

Maximum wind speed: 27 knots (31 mph) Maximum wave height: 2 meters (6.5 feet) Boat use is limited to coastal waters, large bays, estuaries, lakes and rivers.

D. Sheltered waters

Maximum wind speed: 15 knots (18 mph) Maximum wave height: 0.5 meters (1.5 feet) Boat use is limited to small lakes, rivers and canals.

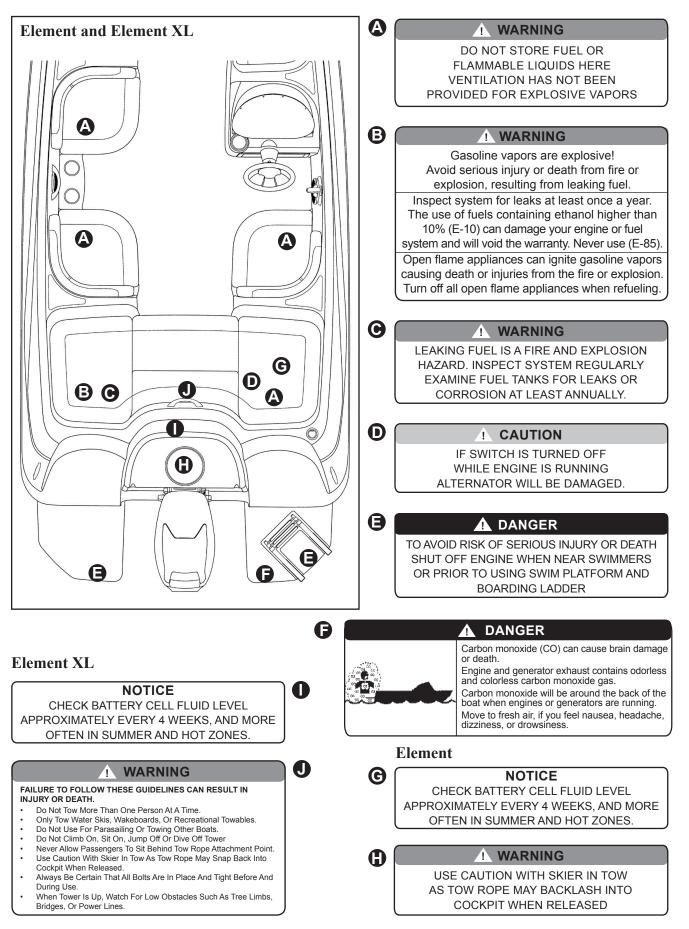
🚹 DANGER

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO BOAT IN SEVERE WEATHER CONDITIONS DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY CAN OCCUR GET TO SHORE BEFORE THE WEATHER TURNS BAD

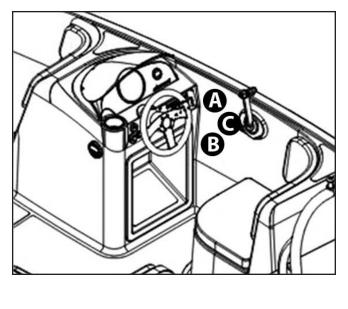
The wind speed and wave height specified as the upper limit for your category of boat does not mean that you or your passengers can survive if your boat is exposed to these conditions. It is only the most experienced operators and crew that may be able to operate a boat safely under these conditions.

You must always be aware of weather conditions and head for port or protected waters in sufficient time to avoid being caught in high winds and rough water. Do not take chances!

Warning Labels



Helm Warning Labels



THE UNITED STATES COAST GUARD (USCG) RECOMMENDS THAT ALL OCCUPANTS WEAR APPROVED PERSONAL FLOTATION DEVICES (PFDs). **DANGER** PROPELLER(S) MAY CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH B

С

Shut-off engine(s) when near swimmers, prior to using sunpads, swim platform, or boarding ladder.

WARNING

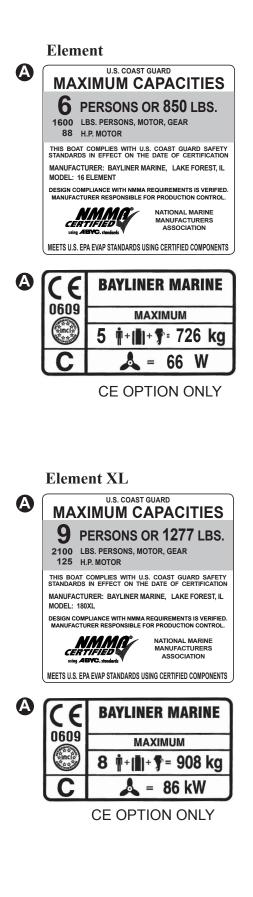
- AVOID COLLISIONS-• Maintain lookout as required by the "Rules of the Road"
- Visibility can be limited by high boat trim angles, persons, gear, weather and atmospheric conditions.
- At all times proceed at a safe speed, in order to take proper and effective action to avoid hazardous conditions.
 SUCH ISSUES ARE UNDER THE CONTROL OF

THE OPERATOR! AVOID SKI LINES AND TOW ROPES-Ski lines and tow ropes can backlash into the cockpit when released.

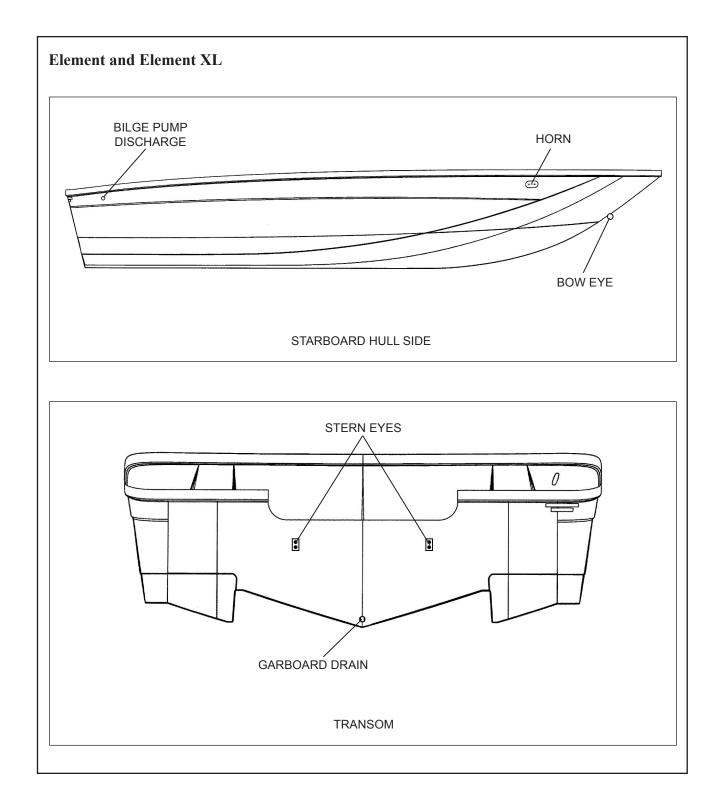
AVOID INHALATION OF TOXIC FUMES-If fire extinguishing system discharge occurs, ventilate space before entering.

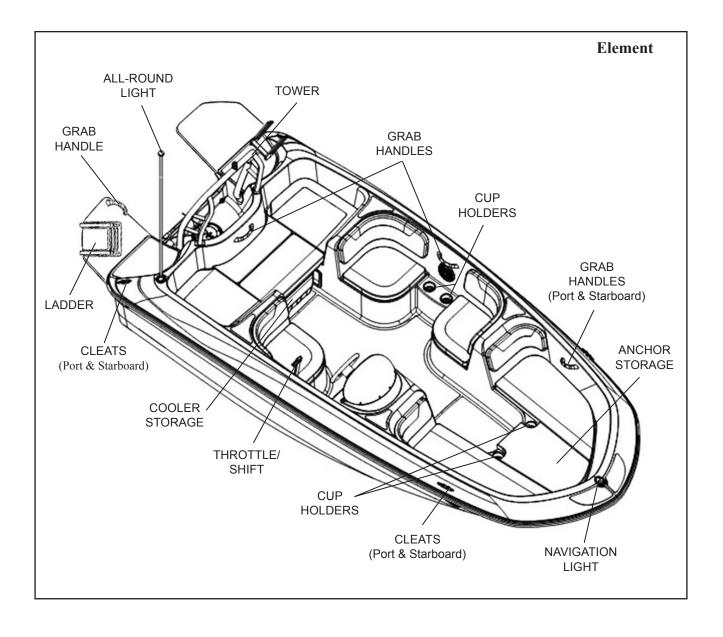
🚹 WARNING

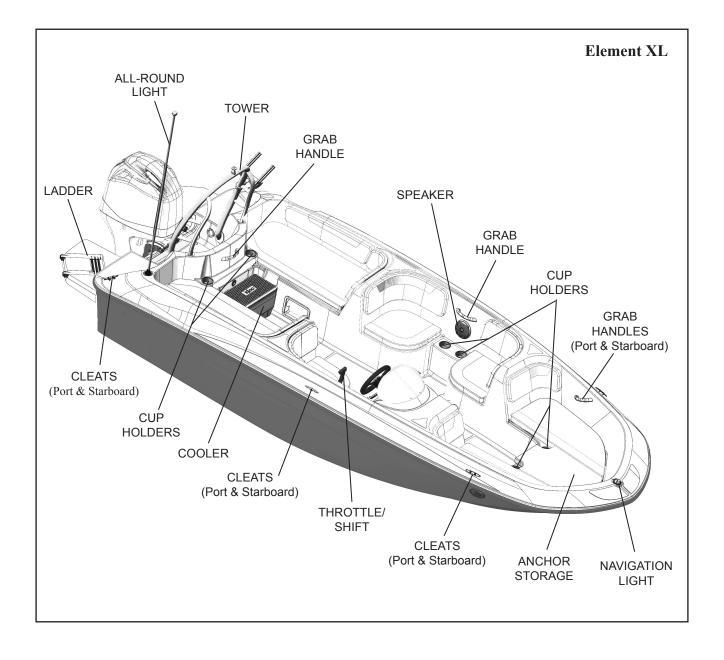
Carbon monoxide (CO) can cause brain damage or death. Engine and generator exhaust contains odorless and colorless carbon monoxide gas. Signs of carbon monoxide poisoning include nausea, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and lack of consciousness. Get fresh air if anyone shows signs of carbon monoxide poisoning. See Owner's Manual for information regarding carbon monoxide poisoning.

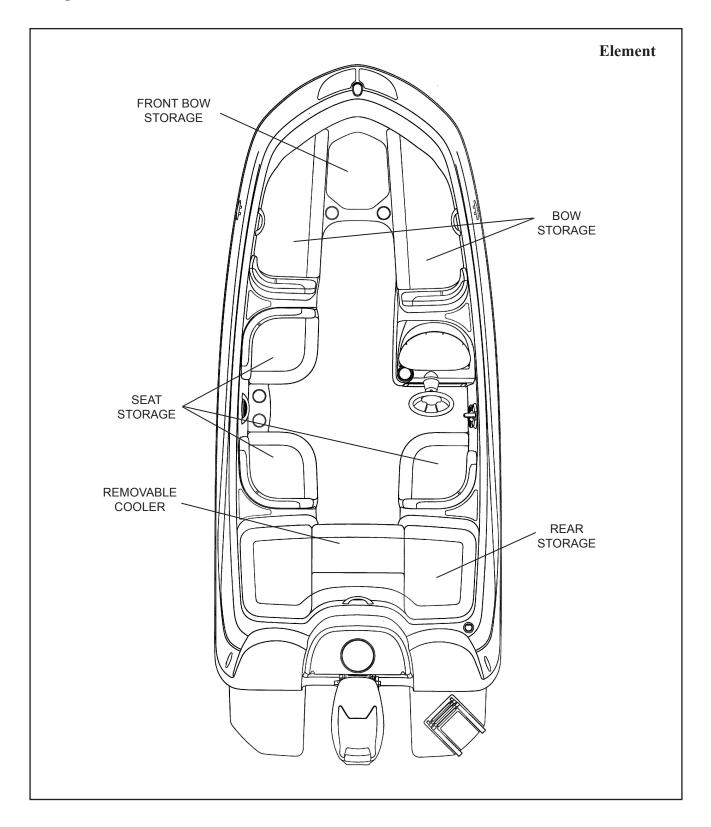


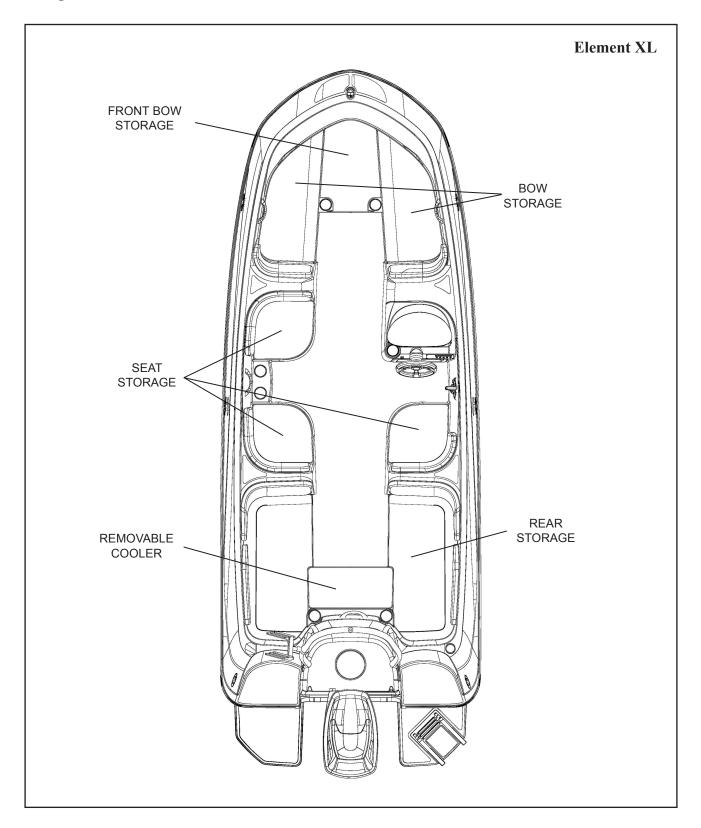
Exterior Views Hull Views





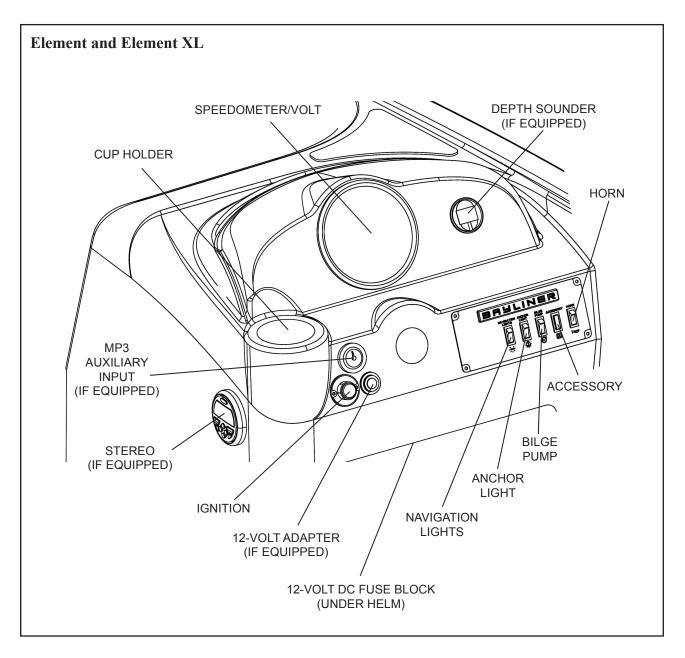




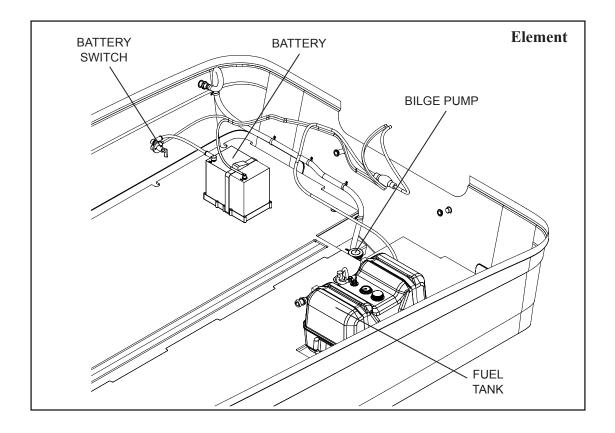


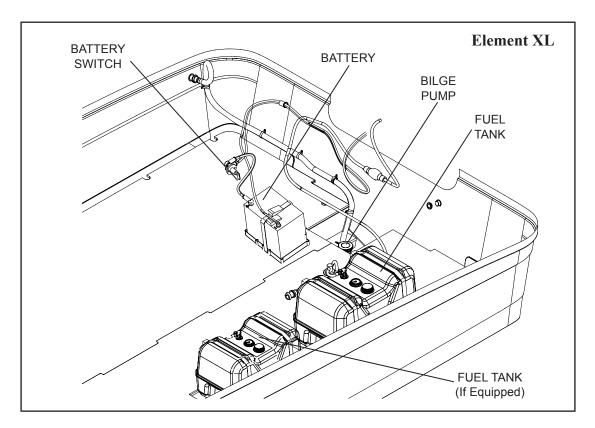
Helm View

Note: Typical helm layout shown. Actual layout may vary depending on engine and accessory options.



Component Locations Bilge Components







Chapter 3: Propulsion and Related Systems

Engine

NOTICE

Read the engine manual BEFORE starting or working on your engine.

While the topics listed below may be included in this supplement and in the *Sport Boat Owner's Manual*, always refer to the engine manual first for specific information on these important subjects:

- Engine Break-in Procedure
- Engine Starting and Stopping
- Gear Shifting
- Fuel and Oil Recommendations
- Engine Maintenance
- Engine Storage/Winterization

Gasoline Fuel System

The gasoline fuel system consists of a portable fuel tank, fuel demand valve, and engine fuel supply line. Your vessel contains a new EPA certified fuel system. The system lowers the out gassing emissions through the tank's built-in pressure relief cap.

WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION, and OPEN FLAME HAZARD!

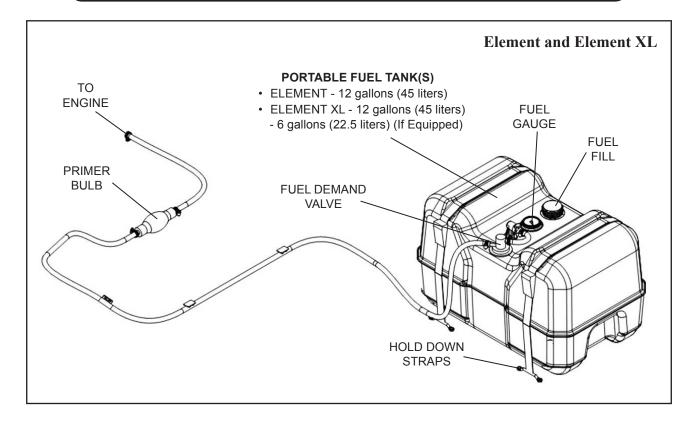
- Thoroughly inspect the fuel system for leaks every time you take on fuel.
- Follow both the *Sport Boat Owner's Manual* fueling instructions and the engine operation manual fuel recommendations.

WARNING

The fuel tank compartment shall only be used to store the portable fuel tank. Do not store fuel in any other location on the boat. Do not store or handle gear near the fuel lines, fittings or tank.

NOTICE

Carefully read the fuel section of both the *Sport Boat Owner's Manual* and the engine operation manual, paying special attention to the subject of fuel recommendations.





Portable Fuel Tank

Your portable fuel tank complies with new EPA regulations. A vented fuel fill cap prevents fuel vapors from escaping into the atmosphere. Because this system is sealed, pressure builds up in the tank. It is normal for the tank to swell or shrink.

WARNING

- When opening the fill cap, slowly turn the cap to allow the pressure/vacuum to equalize before opening the cap fully.
- When filling the tank, do NOT attempt to top off the tank.

Fuel Demand Valve

NOTICE

- If an engine running problem is diagnosed as fuel starvation, check the fuel demand valve.
- If the valve is stuck or clogged, turn Off the engine and replace the valve.
- Except in an emergency, NEVER run the engine without the fuel demand valve.

The fuel demand valve (FDV) is a vital fuel system part. The FDV prevents pressurized fuel from entering the engine during the daily heating and cooling of the fuel system.

The valve is located in the line on the fuel hose, where the fuel feed line attaches to the tank. The valve is only opened by the fuel pump vacuum.

Fuel Recommendations

The quality of the fuel is very important for satisfactory engine performance and long engine life. Care should be taken to select fuels having the octane rating recommended for the engine, as indicated in the owner's manual, for proper operation. Fuel should be clean and free of contamination. Your fuel tank should be kept full of fuel whenever possible. This will reduce the amount of water condensation and reduce the possibility of contamination.

Chapter 4: Controls and Gauges

Steering

- Boat steering is not self-centering.
- Your boat features a mechanical rack-and-pinion steering.
- Refer to the engine manual for steering system details.

Shift/Throttle Controls



Read all of the information about the shift/throttle controls in the shift/throttle manual, the engine operation manual, and the *Sport Boat Owner's Manual*.

Power Trim and Tilt

- The outboard engine on your boat is equipped with power trim and tilt.
- Trim and tilt instructions are provided in the engine operation manual and the shift/throttle manual.

Gauges

Cleaning the Gauges

CAUTION

PRODUCT or PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD!

- Use only mild soap and water to clean the gauge lenses and bezels.
- Use of other cleaners, including common window cleaning solutions, may cause the lenses to crack.
- Lenses cracked in this manner will NOT be covered by our warranty.

Gauge Fogging

• Moisture may occasionally find its way into the gauges causing lens fogging.

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- Turning On the gauge lights will help dry the lenses.
- Fogging will not harm the gauges.

Fuel Gauge (On Tank)

It is normal for the pointer on your fuel gauge to bounce as fuel sloshes back and forth in the fuel tank.



Chapter 5: Navigation Equipment

Read the manuals for all navigation and communication equipment before using these systems.

Depth Finder (If Equipped)

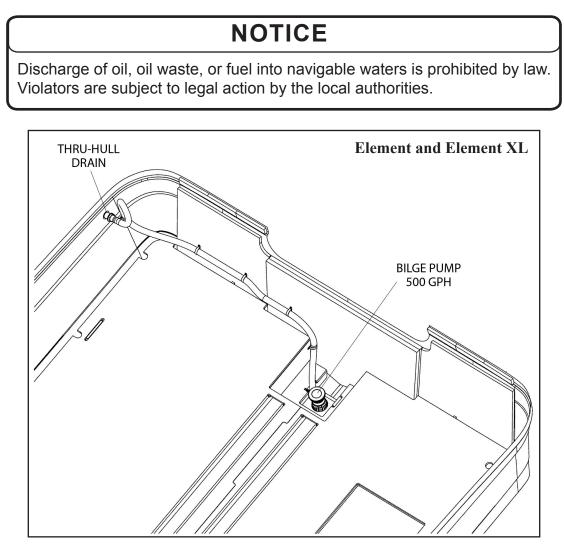
WARNING

- Do NOT use the depth finder as a navigational aid to prevent collision, grounding, boat damage or personal injury.
- When your boat is moving, submerged objects will NOT be seen until they are already under your boat.
- Bottom depths may change too quickly to allow time for your boat to react.
- If you suspect shallow water or submerged objects, run your boat at very slow speeds.

Chapter 6: Plumbing

Bilge Pump

Your boat is equipped with a bilge pump for pumping water out of the bilge. Use the switch at the helm to turn the bilge pump ON.



Bilge Pump Testing

The bilge pump is vital to the safety of your boat. Test the bilge pump often as follows:

- 1. Turn On the bilge pump switch at the helm.
- 2. Make sure that water in the bilge is pumped overboard.
- 3. If there is water in the bilge and the pump motor is running but not pumping water, inspect the discharge hose for a kink or collapsed area.
- 4. If the discharge hose looks okay, check the bilge pump and strainer for clogging debris.



Chapter 7: Deck Equipment

Cleats and Bow/Stern Eyes

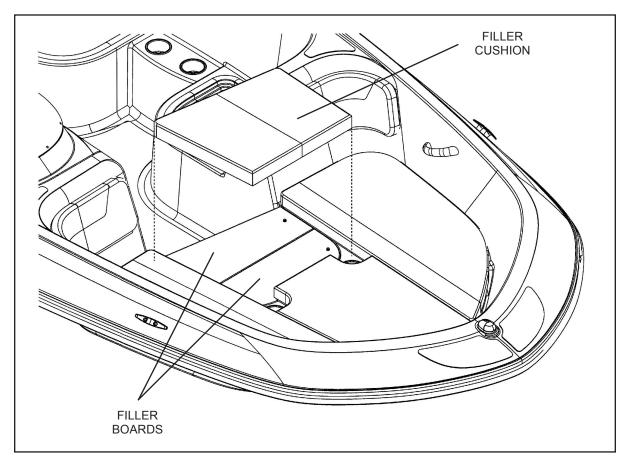
I WARNING PERSONAL INJURY and/or PRODUCT or PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD! NEVER lift your boat using the bow/stern eyes or the cleats.

Read the section on towing in the Sport Boat Owner's Manual before:

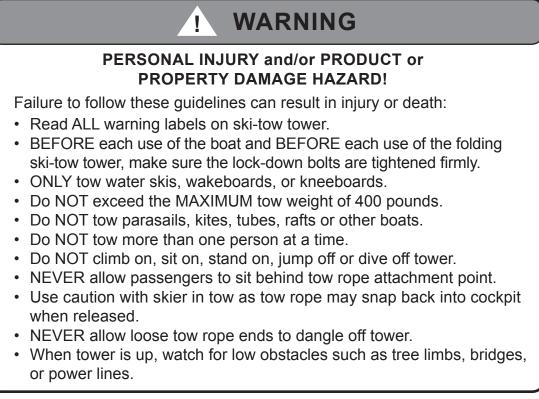
- Towing anything behind your boat
- Being towed by another vessel

Bow Filler Cushion (If Equipped)

Place the filler boards securely on the recessed edges of the seat cushion bases.

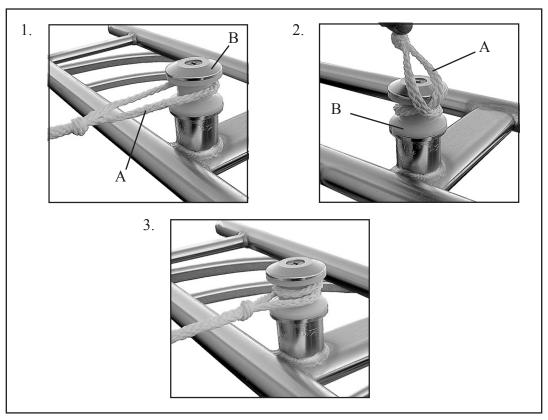


Ski-Tow Tower (If Equipped)



Attaching the Ski-Tow Rope

- 1. Place the ski-tow rope's loop (A) over the ski-tow pylon (B).
- 2. Put a twist in the ski-tow rope's loop (A) and slide the loop over the ski-tow pylon (B) again.
- 3. Pull firmly on the ski-tow rope to tighten.



Canvas (If Equipped)

CAUTION

PRODUCT or PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD!

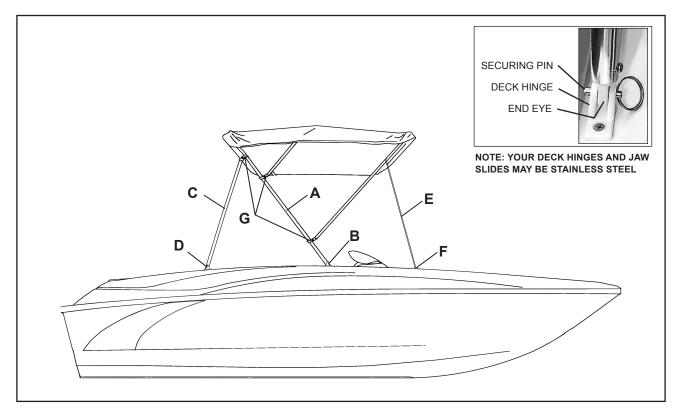
Take down and securely stow ALL canvas and vinyl BEFORE your boat is transported by road.

Bimini Top (If Equipped)

- 1. Insert the end eyes of the main bow (A) into the forward deck hinges (B) and insert the securing pins.
- 2. Insert the end eyes of the aft braces (C) into the aft deck hinges (D) and insert the securing pins.
- 3. Unfold the canvas and attach the forward straps (E) to the deck strap eyes (F).

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- 4. Adjust the straps to remove any slack.
- The jaw slides (G) should not need to be adjusted.
- If you decide to adjust the jaw slide positions, obtain the correct measurements from your selling dealer.



Canvas Care

- After each use, especially in saltwater, rinse the canvas with cold freshwater.
- Before stowing, let the canvas air-dry completely.
- The canvas can be rolled or folded for stowage.

Cleaning the Canvas

CAUTION

NEVER use detergents when washing the canvas. Detergents can destroy the water repellency, and mildew/UV resistant finish of your canvas.

Regularly clean the canvas to prevent dirt, pollen, etc. from embedding in the fabric. Generally, it is easiest to wash the canvas while it is installed on your boat.

- 1. Use a soft-bristled brush to remove all dust and loose dirt.
- 2. Hose down the canvas with freshwater.
- 3. Gently wash the canvas with a solution of lukewarm water (no more than 100° F) and non-detergent mild soap, such as Ivory Snow[®], Dreft[®], or Woolite[®].
- 4. Rinse thoroughly to remove the soap.
- 5. Before stowing, let the canvas dry completely.

Stubborn Stains

CAUTION

Soaking in bleach solutions may remove the waterproof finish of the fabric and may also decrease the life of the polyester thread used in the canvas. If needed, a water repellent treatment should be reapplied to your canvas. Ask your dealer about the treatments available for your boat's canvas.

Some stubborn stains may resist normal washing and you can try the methods below. However, these methods may remove the waterproof finish of the fabric and may also decrease the life of the polyester thread used in the canvas. Reapply a water repellent treatment as needed.

Method 1:

1. Add 1/8 cup (1 oz.) of non-chlorine bleach to one gallon of water and mix thoroughly.

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- 2. Thoroughly wet the canvas and then gently scrub the stained area with the weak bleach solution.
- 3. Rinse with cold water to remove all of the solution.

Method 2:

- 1. Add 1/2 cup (4 oz.) of non-chlorine bleach and 1/2 cup (4 oz.) Ivory Snow[®], Dreft[®], or Woolite[®] to one gallon of water and mix thoroughly.
- 2. Soak the canvas in this solution for about 20 minutes.
- 3. Rinse with cold water to remove all of the solution.

Chapter 8: Entertainment System

Audio System (If Equipped)

NOTICE

AM radio reception may be impaired when the engine is running.

Read the manufacturer's instruction manual before using the audio equipment.

Chapter 9: Lights

Care and Maintenance

All of the lights installed on your boat are of top quality, but you should be aware that failure may periodically occur for a variety of reasons:

- There may be a blown fuse *replace the fuse*.
- The bulb may be burned out carry spare replacement bulbs, making sure the wattage is correct.
- A wire may be damaged or may have come loose *repair as required*.
- The bulb base may be corroded *clean the base and coat it with non-conductive electrical lubricant*.

Interior and Exterior Lights (If Equipped)

CAUTION

- Be conservative in the use of battery power.
- Prolonged use of cabin interior lights (overnight) WILL result in a drained battery.
- The lights are powered by your boat's 12-Volt DC system.
- The battery switch must be turned On for the lights to work.

Navigation Lights

CAUTION

Avoid the storage of gear where it would block navigation lights from view.

NOTICE

Running lights are legally required to show boat direction and right-of-way at night.

Read the navigation light section in the Sport Boat Owner's Manual.



Chapter 10: Electrical System

EXTREME FIRE, SHOCK and EXPLOSION HAZARD!

- NEVER install non-ignition protected switches or other arcing devices in the fuel compartment.
- NEVER substitute automotive parts for marine parts. Marine electrical, ignition, and fuel system parts were designed and manufactured to comply with rules and laws that minimize the risks of fire and explosion.
- NEVER change the electrical systems or relevant drawings.
- Allow ONLY trained personnel to install batteries and/or do electrical system work.

WARNING

FIRE and EXPLOSION HAZARD!

Fuel vapors can explode! BEFORE turning on electrical devices or working on the electrical system:

Check the bilge areas for fuel vapors or leaking fuel. If you see leaking fuel or smell fuel vapors:

- Do NOT start the engine, do NOT turn On any electrical devices, put out ALL cigarettes, cigars, and other sources of flame or ignition.
- Get everyone off your boat.
- · Get trained help to find and fix the problem.

CAUTION

SHOCK and ELECTRICAL SYSTEM DAMAGE HAZARD!

When the engine is running, NEVER disconnect the battery cables. Doing so could cause damage to your boat's engine and/or electrical system.

NOTICE

Electrical connections are prone to corrosion. To reduce corrosion-caused electrical problems:

- Keep ALL electrical connections clean.
- Apply a spray-on protectant that is designed to protect connections from corrosion.

12-Volt DC System

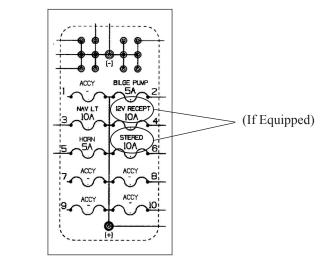
Battery

The battery supplies electricity for lights, 12-Volt accessories and engine starting. The Electrical section in the *Sport Boat Owner's Manual* provides battery care and maintenance instructions.

Fuses

Replace fuses ONLY with a fuse of the same rating. Fuses for the accessories are on the fuse block. See Chapter 2 for the location of the fuse block.

Fuses for the engine control and gauges are on the engine. See the engine operation manual. Some equipment may have secondary fuse protection at the unit or at the battery.



12-Volt DC Accessory Outlet (If Equipped)

CAUTION

Do NOT use the 12-Volt DC accessory outlet with a cigarette or cigar lighter. High temperatures may melt the outlet.

- The 12-Volt DC accessory outlet can be used with any 12-Volt device which draws 10-amps or less.
- The 12-Volt DC accessory outlet is protected by a 10-amp fuse on the fuse block.

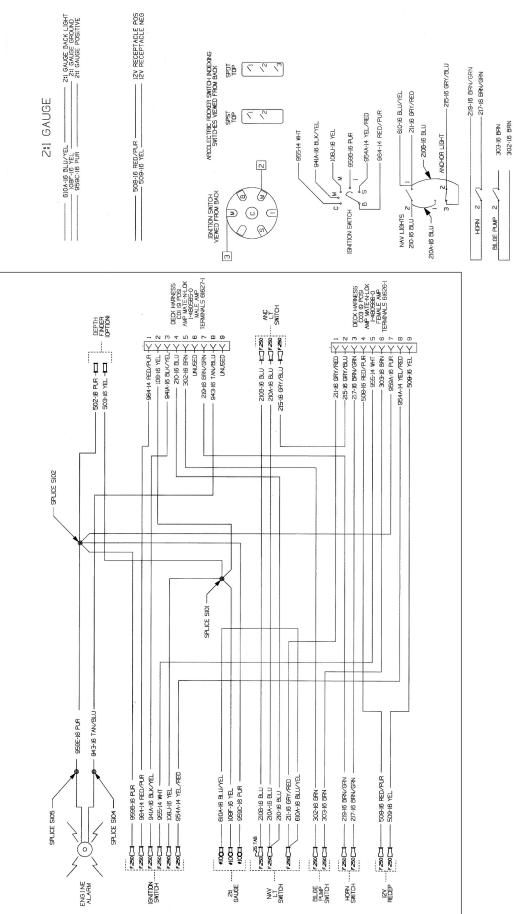
See the Component Locations section in Chapter 2 for the location of the 12-Volt DC accessory outlet.

Alternator

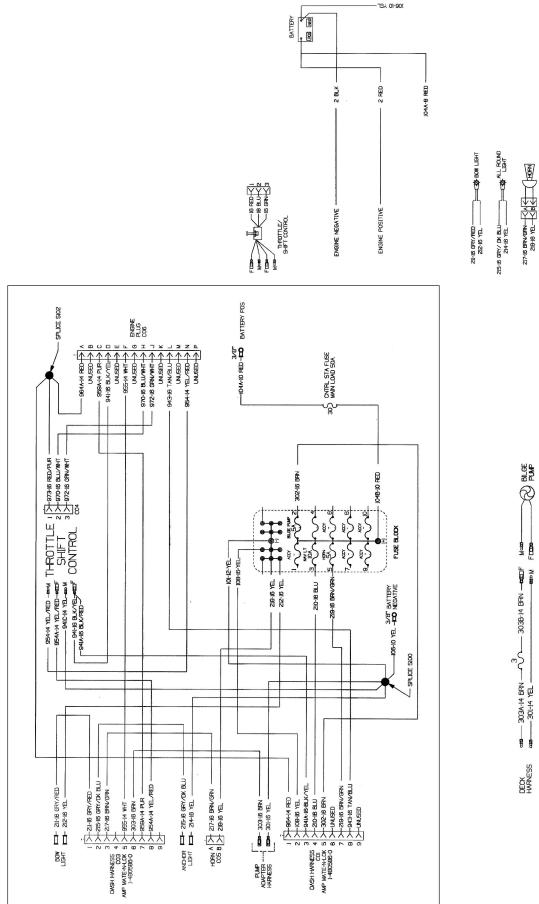
The alternator will keep the battery properly charged when the engine is running at, or above, cruising speeds.

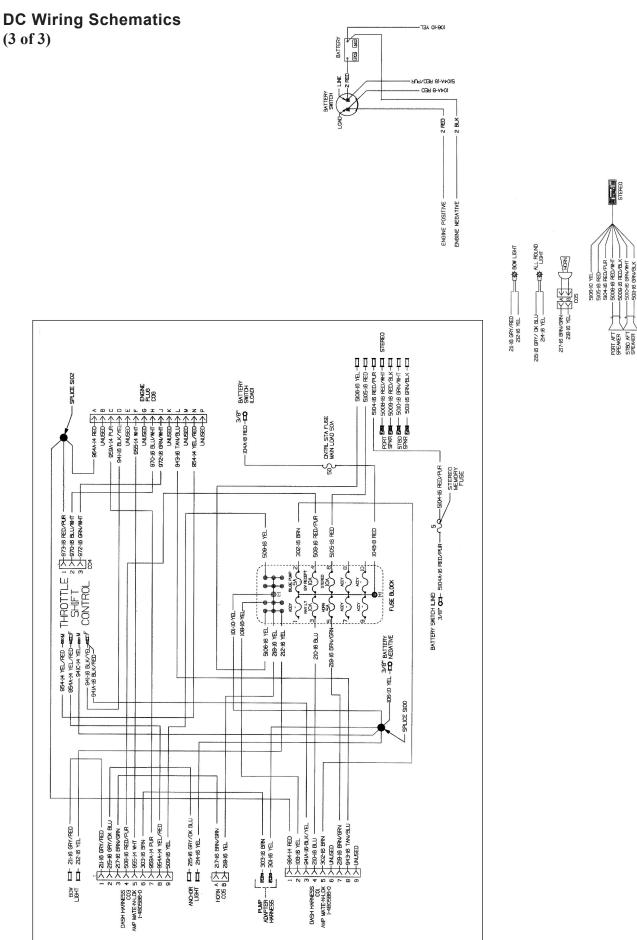


DC Wiring Schematics (1 of 3)



DC Wiring Schematics (2 of 3)

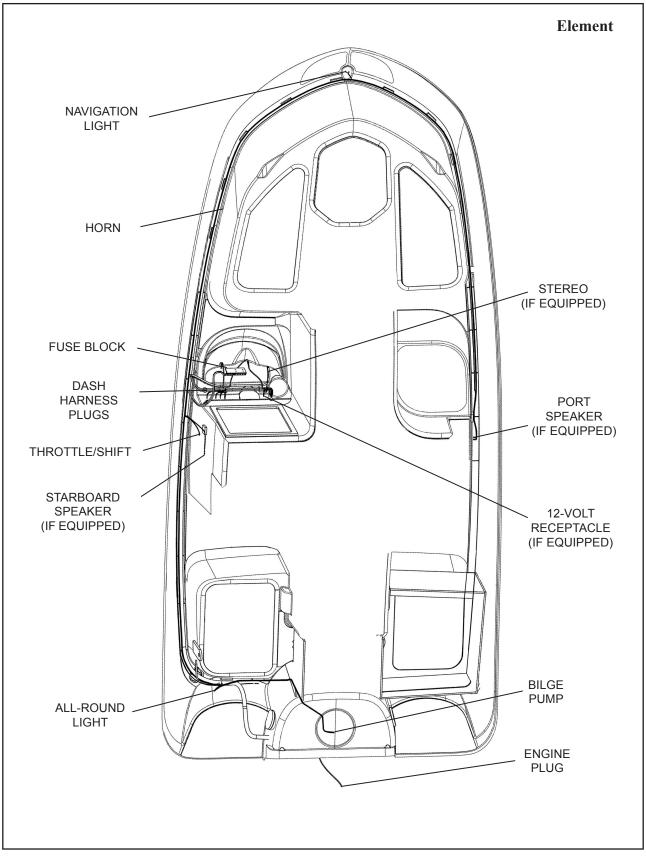




STEREO

SPEAKER SPEAKER STBD AFT SPEAKER

Electrical Routings 12-Volt DC Deck Harness

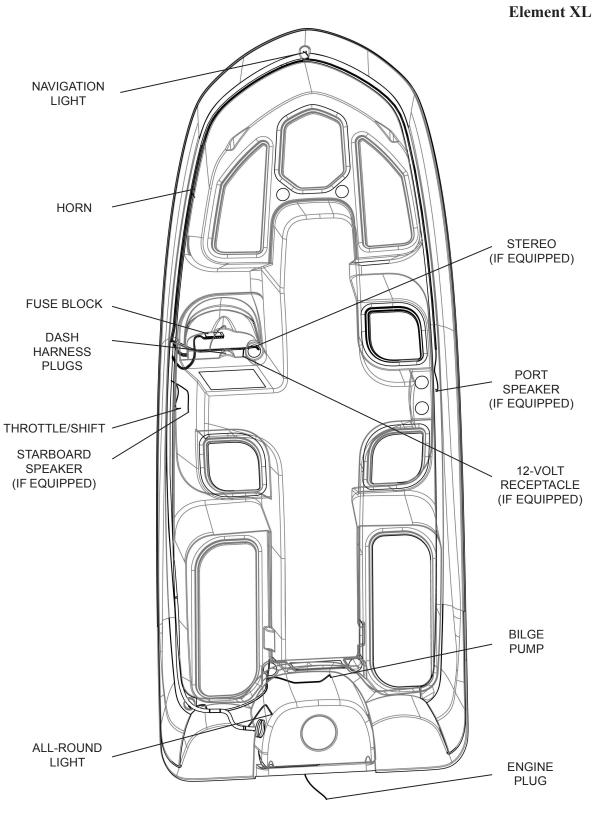


DECK UNDERSIDE



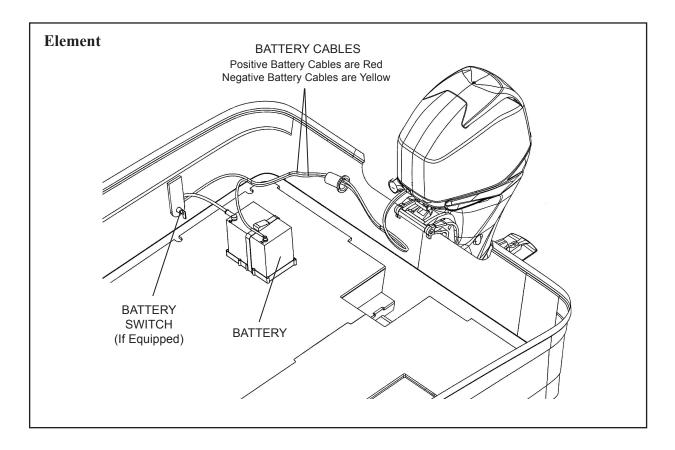
BAYLINER

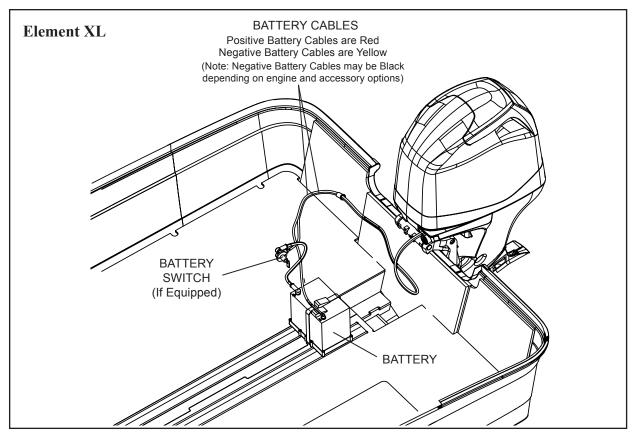




Element and Element XL • Owner's Manual Supplement

DECK UNDERSIDE







Selling Dealer	Key Numbers	
Name Of Dealership	Ignition	Other
Address		
Phone/FAX/E-mail	Electronics	
Sales Manager	Manufacturer	Model Name/Number
	Seria	I Number
Service Manager		
Engine	Manufacturer	Model Name/Number
	Seria	I Number
Manufacturer Model Name/Number		
Engine Serial Number	Manufacturer	Model Name/Number
Oil Type/SAE Quarts per Engine Filter Type	Serial Number	
Propeller	Manufacturer	Model Name/Number
	Seria	I Number
Manufacturer Pitch		
Model Number	Manufacturer	Model Name/Number
	Serial Number	
	Manufacturer	Model Name/Number
	Seria	I Number

Notes		

Operating, servicing and maintaining a recreational marine vessel can expose you to chemicals including engine exhaust, carbon monoxide, phthalates, and lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. To minimize exposure, avoid breathing exhaust, service your vessel in a well-ventilated area and wear gloves or wash your hands frequently when servicing this vessel. For more information, go to www.P65warnings.ca.gov/marine.



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